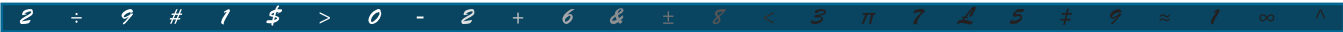


YUKON BUREAU OF STATISTICS



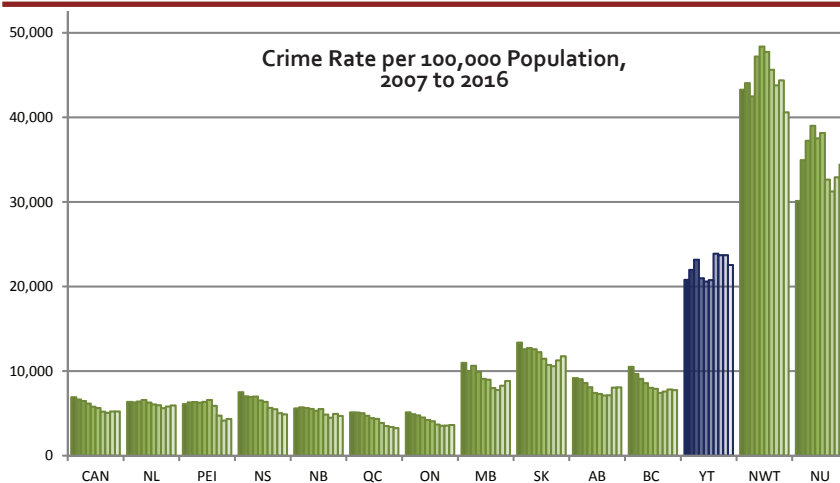
Police-reported Crime Statistics in Yukon 2016

Highlights:

- A total of 9,118 criminal incidents were reported to police in Yukon in 2016: 1,555 violent Criminal Code violations; 3,459 property crimes; 3,438 'other' Criminal Code violations; 437 Criminal Code traffic violations; and 229 Federal Statutes violations.
- Yukon's 2016 police-reported crime rate (22,543 incidents per 100,000 population) was 4.8% lower than the revised 2015 rate (23,689 incidents per 100,000).

This report is based on data released by Statistics Canada from the incident-based Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (UCR). The UCR collects information on all criminal incidents (of adults and youth) reported to, and substantiated by, Canadian police services.

Crime Rate, Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2016



- Yukon's 2016 crime rate was the third-highest in the country at 22,543 incidents per 100,000 population (according to Statistics Canada's estimate, Yukon's population as of July 1, 2016 was 37,492).
- In 2016, the crime rate decreased 4.8% compared to 2015 (23,689 incidents per 100,000). However, the 2016 crime rate was 8.4% higher than the 2007 rate (20,797 incidents per 100,000).

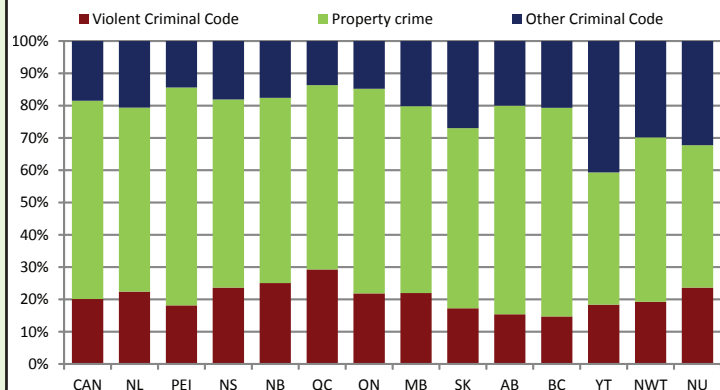
Criminal Code traffic violations, as well as federal statute violations are not included in the calculation of the crime rate.

Criminal Code Violations (excluding traffic), Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2016

In 2016, there were 8,452 actual incidents of Criminal Code violations (excluding traffic) in Yukon. Of this total:

- 18.4% were violent Criminal Code violations (1,555 incidents) compared to 20.1% nationally;
- 40.9% were property crimes (3,459) compared to 61.4% nationally; and
- 40.7% were 'other' Criminal Code violations* (3,438) compared to 18.5% nationally.
- In terms of the *proportion of total incidents*:
 - Yukon ranked the fifth-lowest in the country for violent Criminal Code violations,
 - the lowest in the country for property crimes, and
 - the highest in Canada for 'other' Criminal Code violations.

Violation Type as a Percentage of Number of Total Criminal Code Violations (excluding traffic), 2016



* While 'other' Criminal Code violations typically include counterfeiting, weapons violations, child pornography, prostitution, disturb the peace and administration of justice, etc., these 'other' violations for Yukon (3,438 incidents) mainly included disturb the peace (2,341 incidents) and administration of justice (954 incidents).

Crime counts are based on the most serious offence in an incident; however, violent criminal incidents are generally counted separately for each victim.

Other Sources of Crime Information:

Statistics Canada's Juristat - provides in-depth analysis and detailed statistics on a variety of justice-related topics and issues. <http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/olc-cell/olc.action?ObjId=85-002-X&ObjType=2&lang=en&Limit=1>

Violent Criminal Code Violations, Number of Actual Incidents, Yukon, 2007 to 2016

Crimes against the person involve the use or threatened use of violence against a person, including homicide, attempted murder, assault, sexual assault and robbery. Robbery is considered a crime against the person because unlike other theft offences it involves the use or threat of violence.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 ¹	2016
TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMINAL CODE VIOLATIONS	1,301	1,269	1,404	1,464	1,470	1,458	1,525	1,663	1,539	1,555
Homicide	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	4
Total other violations causing death	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Attempted murder	0	1	3	0	4	0	1	0	4	1
Sexual assault, level 3, aggravated	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sexual assault, level 2, weapon or bodily harm	4	0	2	1	2	4	2	4	1	0
Sexual assault, level 1	53	50	71	66	62	73	74	75	77	74
Total sexual violations against children ¹	1	0	2	3	4	9	12	19	26	22
Assault, level 3, aggravated	17	12	14	15	26	16	15	23	22	15
Assault, level 2, weapon or bodily harm	183	161	156	151	184	181	165	181	158	176
Assault, level 1	675	666	727	703	782	738	815	842	791	794
Total assaults against a peace officer ²	9	24	52	85	40	29	26	36	35	32
Total other assaults	1	3	2	6	3	3	1	5	0	2
Total firearms, use of, discharge, pointing	2	2	5	10	5	8	5	11	7	10
Total robbery	16	16	9	17	13	11	9	26	22	23
Total forcible confinement or kidnapping	12	9	24	18	9	8	3	6	9	8
Total abduction	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Extortion	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	3	1	2
Criminal harassment	16	24	13	22	16	16	45	53	51	44
Uttering threats	245	226	242	266	237	249	241	259	263	263
Indecent/Harassing communications ³	53	51	65	85	76	103	107	101	61	68
Total commodification of sexual activity violations ⁴	..	..	..	..	..	0	0	0	2	2
Total other violent violations	8	14	11	12	7	9	4	14	8	14

¹ Sexual violations against children crime category has only partial data available prior to 2008. As a result, numbers should not be directly compared to data from previous years. Includes: sexual interference, invitation to sexual touching, sexual exploitation, making sexually explicit material available to children for the purpose of facilitating sexual offences against children/youth, luring a child via a computer/agreement or arrangement, and, as of December 2014, the offences of parent or guardian procuring sexual activity (Criminal Code, s. 170), and householder permitting prohibited sexual activity (Criminal Code, s. 171).

² Peace Officer¹ examples are: mayor, warden, police officer, bailiff constable, etc.

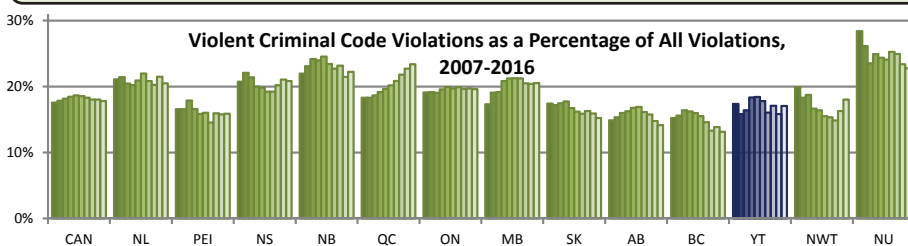
³ Includes non-consensual distribution of intimate images.

⁴ Total commodification of sexual activity violations include: the purchasing of sexual services or communicating for that purpose, receiving a material benefit deriving from the purchase of sexual services, procuring of persons for the purpose of prostitution, and advertising sexual services offered for sale.

- In 2016, Yukon's rate per 100,000 population for violent Criminal Code violations (4,148) was third-highest in Canada. Nunavut's rate was highest at 8,152, Northwest Territories second-highest at 7,837 and the national rate was 1,052.
- In 2016, there were 1,555 incidents of violent Criminal Code violations, an increase of 16, or 1.0%, compared to 2015 (1,539 incidents); and an increase of 254, or 19.5%, compared to 2007 (1,301 incidents).
- In Yukon, there were 4 incidents of *homicide* (all second-degree murder); and one *attempted murder* in 2016. This was the highest number of *homicides* since 2004 (7).
- There were 1,019 incidents of *assault*: the sum of *assault levels 1-3* (985), *assaults against a peace officer* (32) and *other assaults* (2) accounted for 65.5% of all violent Criminal Code violations. Collectively, *uttering threats* (263), *indecent/harassing communications* (68) and *criminal harassment* (44) accounted for 24.1%. *Sexual assault levels 1-3* (75) and *sexual violations against children* (22) accounted for 6.2% of all violent Criminal Code violations.
- In 2016, there were 23 incidents of *robbery* and 10 incidents of *firearm use, discharge, or pointing of firearms*.
- *Other violent violations* (14) in 2016 included: voyeurism (2); nonconsensual distribution of intimate images (3); intimidation of a justice system participant or a journalist (5); intimidation of a non-justice participant (2); and arson, disregard for human life (2).

Number of Violent Criminal Code Incidents as a Percentage of All Violations, Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2007 to 2016

- Over the past ten years, Yukon's violent Criminal Code violations as a percentage of all violations ranged from 15.8% (2008) to 18.4% (2011).
- In 2016, Yukon's proportion of violent Criminal Code violations (17.1%) was the fifth-lowest in Canada and remained almost unchanged compared to the previous 10-year average (17.0%).



- Comparing 2016 to 2015, Yukon's proportion of violent Criminal Code violations increased by 1.2 percentage points while the majority of Canadian jurisdictions (7) decreased (ranging from -0.1% in Ontario to -1.0% in Newfoundland).

Property Crime, Number of Actual Incidents, Yukon, 2007 to 2016

Property crimes involve unlawful acts to gain property, but do not involve the use or threat of violence against the person.

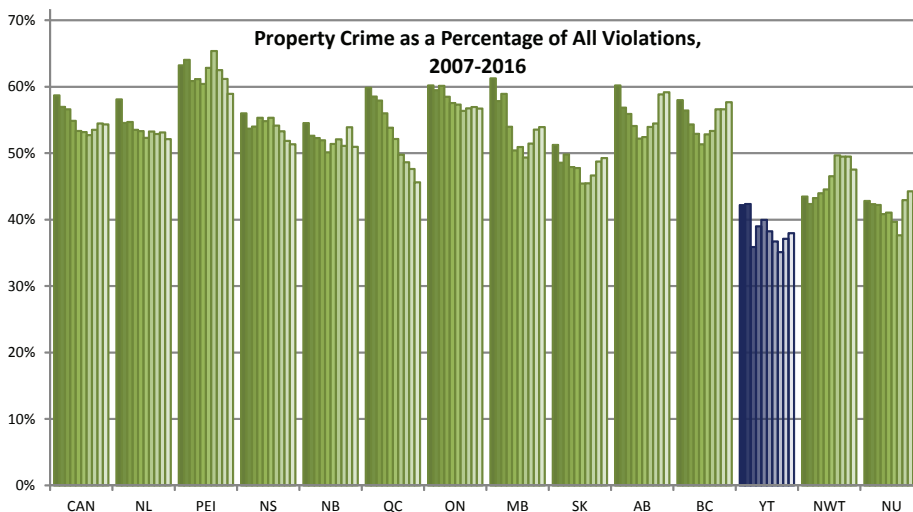
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 ^f	2016
TOTAL PROPERTY CRIME VIOLATIONS	3,158	3,394	3,069	3,111	3,189	3,131	3,485	3,416	3,609	3,459
Total breaking and entering	349	254	258	246	191	205	218	212	298	252
Total possession of stolen property ¹	28	39	33	42	19	46	41	26	31	21
Total trafficking in stolen property ²	..	..	..	0	0	1	0	2	0	1
Total theft of motor vehicle	135	171	132	163	115	146	190	111	144	176
Total theft over \$5,000 (non-motor vehicle)	21	27	17	33	22	25	25	26	33	27
Theft over \$5,000	17	22	13	29	20	20	21	22	28	23
Theft over \$5,000 from a motor vehicle	4	4	4	2	0	2	1	2	4	2
Shoplifting over \$5,000	0	1	0	2	2	3	3	2	1	2
Total theft under \$5,000 (non-motor vehicle)	743	689	715	746	798	904	979	939	973	915
Theft \$5,000 or under	526	530	488	511	473	533	615	583	615	512
Theft \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle	99	124	172	118	185	246	209	194	190	215
Shoplifting \$5,000 or under	118	35	55	117	140	125	155	162	168	188
Fraud ²	102	125	129	111	81	92	97	95	135	177
Identity theft ²	..	..	..	0	0	2	1	2	0	1
Identity fraud ²	..	0	0	5	12	3	4	4	4	4
Total mischief	1,765	2,075	1,771	1,750	1,934	1,690	1,917	1,987	1,976	1,867
Arson	15	14	14	15	17	17	13	12	15	18

¹In April 2011, legislation came into effect making it an offence to traffic in property obtained by crime, including possession with intent to traffic property obtained by crime; possession of stolen property was also modified with some incidents being reported as secondary offences in 2011.

²In January 2010, the UCR survey was modified to create new violation codes for identity fraud and identity theft. Prior to 2010, those offences would have been coded as fraud.

- In 2016, Yukon's rate per 100,000 population for property crime violations (9,226) was third-highest in Canada. Northwest Territories' rate was highest at 20,662, Nunavut second-highest at 15,172 and the national rate was 3,207.
- Comparing 2016 to 2015, property crimes decreased by 150 incidents, or 4.2%, from 3,609 incidents in 2015 to 3,459 incidents in 2016; and increased by 301 incidents, or 9.5%, compared to 2007 (3,158 incidents).
- In 2016, *mischief* (1,867 incidents) accounted for over half (54.0%) of all property crimes in Yukon. Compared to 2015, mischief decreased by 109 incidents, or 5.5%; however, compared to 2007, increased by 102 incidents, or 5.8%.
- Collectively, all types of *Theft* (1,118 incidents) accounted for 32.3% of all property crime in 2016. The majority of incidents were for *Theft under \$5,000 (non-motor vehicle)* (915 incidents; a decrease of 58 incidents compared to 2015). *Theft under \$5,000 (non-motor vehicle)* was comprised of: 512 incidents of *Theft \$5,000 or under*; 215 incidents of *Theft \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle*; and 188 incidents of *shoplifting*. Compared to 2015, *theft of motor vehicle* (176 in 2016) increased by 32 incidents, or 22.2%.
- *Breaking and entering* (252 incidents) accounted for 7.3% of all property crime in 2016 and decreased by 46 incidents, or 15.4%, compared to 2015; and decreased by 97 incidents, or 27.8% compared to 2007.
- *Fraud*, with 177 incidents in 2016, accounted for 5.1% of all property crime. Compared to 2015, there was an increase of 42 incidents, or 31.1%; compared to 2007, an increase of 75 incidents, or 73.5%

Number of Property Crime Incidents as a Percentage of All Violations, Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2007 to 2016



- Over the past ten years, Yukon's property crimes as a percentage of all types of violations ranged from 35.1% (2014) to 42.3% (2008).
- The property crime proportion for 2016 (37.9%) is 1.2 percentage points lower than the 10-year average of 2006 to 2015 (39.1%).
- Comparing 2016 to 2015, the majority of Canadian jurisdictions (8) had a decrease in the proportion of property crime ranging from -0.2% in Ontario, to -2.9% in New Brunswick.

Other Criminal Code Violations, Number of Actual Incidents, Yukon, 2007 to 2016

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 ^r	2016
TOTAL OTHER CRIMINAL CODE VIOLATIONS	2,312	2,608	3,345	2,681	2,628	2,890	3,660	3,661	3,710	3,438
Counterfeiting	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total weapons violations	28	26	33	17	29	36	30	44	24	29
Offensive weapons, explosives	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Weapons trafficking	0	2	2	0	0	0	3	0	2	0
Weapons possession contrary to order	2	0	4	1	1	3	0	1	3	2
Possession of weapons	22	17	19	10	17	23	21	34	16	20
Unauthorized importing or exporting of weapons	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Firearms documentation or administration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Unsafe storage of firearms	3	7	7	6	11	9	6	6	3	7
Child pornography	4	0	3	0	3	1	5	4	3	3
Making, or distribution of child pornography	..	..	..	..	..	0	0	0	0	4
Total prostitution^a	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	0
Disturb the peace	1,670	1,940	2,424	1,790	1,692	1,898	2,539	2,639	2,644	2,341
Total administration of justice violations	508	553	779	772	797	833	959	837	934	954
Fail to comply with order	287	325	516	479	496	472	556	521	604	645
Escape or helps to escape from lawful custody	6	1	2	2	1	1	3	3	6	2
Prisoner unlawfully at large	8	4	2	10	11	10	13	16	7	12
Fail to appear	4	5	16	13	15	17	33	41	23	13
Breach of probation	166	176	216	237	246	305	320	230	244	241
Other violations against the administration of law and justice	37	42	27	31	28	28	34	26	50	41
Total other violations	99	87	105	101	106	122	125	135	104	107
Other violations related to gaming and betting	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Indecent acts	7	13	4	6	8	9	9	8	9	8
Corrupting morals	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Obstruct public or peace officer	27	15	24	26	22	22	25	36	23	21
Trespass at night	11	7	13	12	12	1	8	3	6	5
Utter threats to property or animal	0	0	1	10	19	24	27	29	20	24
Public incitement of hatred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Offences against public order (Part II Criminal Code)	4	5	3	2	1	5	3	2	1	0
Firearms and other offensive weapons (Part III Criminal Code)	3	11	16	15	15	22	11	14	15	19
Sexual offences, public morals and disorderly conduct (Part V Criminal Code)	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0
Invasion of privacy (Part VI Criminal Code)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offences against the person and reputation (Part VIII Criminal Code)	15	17	12	2	2	2	1	4	1	1
Offences against rights of property (Part IX Criminal Code)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraudulent transactions relating to contracts and trade (Part X Criminal Code)	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Willful and forbidden acts in respect of certain property (Part XI Criminal Code)	8	6	9	8	4	8	6	9	5	7
Offences relating to currency (Part XII Criminal Code)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Proceeds of crime (Part XII.2 Criminal Code)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Attempts, conspiracies, accessories (Part XIII Criminal Code)	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
All other Criminal Code (includes Part XII.1 Criminal Code)	17	9	19	16	21	28	34	27	22	20

^aIncludes: communicating to provide sexual services for consideration; and stopping or impeding traffic for the purpose of offering, providing or obtaining sexual services for consideration.

- In 2016, Yukon's rate per 100,000 population for 'other' Criminal Code violations (9,170) was third-highest in Canada. Northwest Territories' rate was highest at 12,089, Nunavut second-highest at 11,089 and the national rate was 965.
- Comparing 2016 to 2015, 'other' Criminal Code violations decreased by 272 incidents, or 7.3%; and increased by 1,126 incidents, or 48.7%, compared to 2007.
- In 2016, there were 2,341 incidents of *disturb the peace* accounting for 68.1% of all 'other' Criminal Code violations in Yukon; 954 incidents of *administration of justice violations* accounted for 27.7%.

Number of Other Criminal Code Incidents as a Percentage of All Violations, Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2007 to 2016

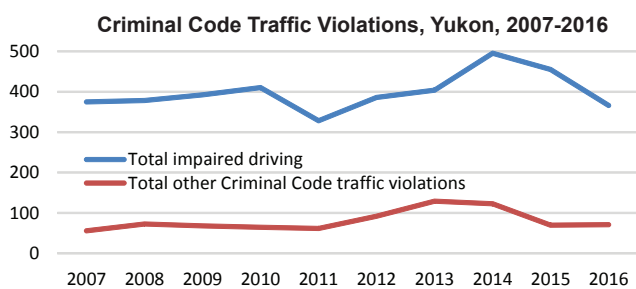


- The share of Yukon's 'other' Criminal Code violations to all violations has been the highest in the country in each of the past ten years ranging from 30.9% on 2007 to 39.1% in 2009.
- In 2016, Yukon's proportion of 'other' Criminal Code violations (37.7%) was 2.8 percentage points higher than the previous 10-year average (34.9%).

Criminal Code Traffic Violations, Number of Actual Incidents, Yukon, 2007 to 2016

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL CRIMINAL CODE TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS	431	451	460	475	390	478	533	618	525	437
Total impaired driving	375	378	392	410	328	386	404	495	455	366
Impaired operation, causing death	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	0
Impaired operation, causing bodily harm	5	1	4	5	5	3	4	3	2	5
Impaired operation of motor vehicle, vessel or aircraft	363	352	375	395	309	361	384	458	425	336
Impaired operation (drugs) vehicle, vessel, aircraft	..	5	2	2	3	12	11	20	12	8
Impaired operation, failure to provide breath sample	7	16	10	6	10	9	5	13	16	17
Impaired operation, failure to provide blood sample	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total other Criminal Code traffic violations	56	73	68	65	62	92	129	123	70	71
Dangerous operation, causing bodily harm	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	4	1	6
Dangerous operation of motor vehicle, vessel or aircraft	15	16	23	21	15	16	14	37	28	22
Dangerous operation of motor vehicle evading police	5	4	4	2	4	4	2	3	4	5
Total fail to stop or remain	21	31	17	20	17	57	81	57	10	17
Driving while prohibited	13	19	23	21	23	11	29	22	25	21
Dangerous operation of motor vehicle while street racing	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0

- In 2016, Yukon's rate per 100,000 population for Criminal Code Traffic violations (1,166) was second-highest in Canada. Northwest Territories' rate was highest at 1,738 and the national rate was 342.
- In 2016, there were 437 incidents of Criminal Code traffic violations in Yukon, a decrease of 88 incidents, or 16.8%, compared to 2015 (525 incidents); an increase of 6 incidents, or 1.4%, compared to 2007 (431 incidents).
- *Impaired driving* (366 incidents) accounted for 83.8% of the total Criminal Code traffic violations in 2016; *other Criminal Code traffic violations* (71 incidents), accounted for the remaining 16.2%.



- Over the last ten years, the number of *impaired driving* incidents ranged from a low of 328 in 2011 to a high of 495 in 2014; the percentage of *impaired operation of motor vehicle, vessel or aircraft* of those *impaired driving* incidents were 94.2% and 92.5%, respectively.

- Of the 366 *impaired driving* incidents in 2016, 336 (91.8%) were due to *impaired operation of motor vehicle, vessel or aircraft*; 17 (4.6%) were *impaired operation, failure to provide a breath sample*; 8 (2.2%) were *impaired operation (drugs) of a vehicle, vessel or aircraft*; and 5 (1.4%) were *impaired operation, causing bodily harm*.
- Of the 71 'Other' *Criminal Code traffic violations* incidents in 2016, 22 (31.0%) were *dangerous operation of motor vehicle, vessel or aircraft*; 21 (29.6%) were *driving while prohibited*; 17 (23.9%) were *fail to stop or remain*; 6 (8.5%) were *dangerous operation, causing bodily harm*; and 5 incidents (7.0% of other Criminal Code traffic violations) were *dangerous operation of motor vehicle evading police*.

Number of Criminal Code Traffic Incidents as a Percentage of All Violations, Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2007 to 2016

- The share of Yukon's Criminal Code traffic violations to all types of violations has ranged from the present low of 4.8% in 2016 to a high of 6.4% on 2014.
- The 2016 share (4.8%) is 0.6 percentage points lower than the 2015 share (5.4%) and 0.8 percentage points lower than the previous 10-year average (5.6%).
- Comparing 2016 to 2015, the majority of Canadian jurisdictions (6) had a decrease in the proportion of Criminal Code traffic violations to all types of crime violations ranging from -0.1 percentage points in Newfoundland and Labrador to -0.6 percentage points in Yukon. New Brunswick and British Columbia remained the same.

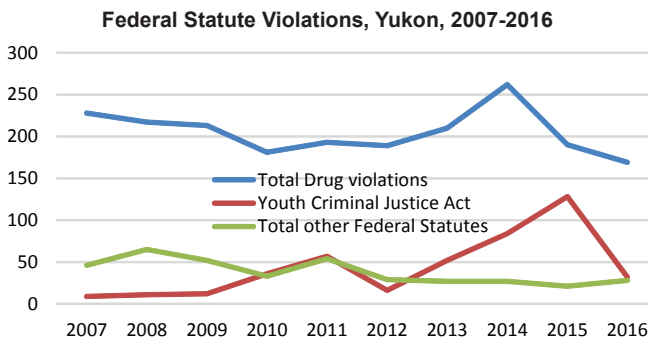


- In 2016, Yukon's proportion of Criminal Code traffic violations (4.8%) was the sixth-lowest in Canada.

Federal Statute Violations, Number of Actual Incidents, Yukon, 2007 to 2016

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
TOTAL FEDERAL STATUTE VIOLATIONS	283	293	277	250	304	234	289	373	339	229
Total Drug violations	228	217	213	181	193	189	210	262	190	169
Possession, cannabis	105	102	120	87	110	98	92	116	100	84
Possession, cocaine	27	22	15	8	16	10	11	22	17	12
Heroin, possession	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Other Controlled Drugs and Substances Act, possession	10	11	10	7	2	2	3	1	1	2
Methamphetamines (crystal meth), possession	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Methylenedioxyamphetamine (ecstasy), possession	0	0	0	5	0	4	1	0	0	0
Cannabis, trafficking	25	18	7	23	25	21	20	39	24	17
Cannabis, importation and exportation	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Cannabis, production	1	3	8	4	6	4	1	2	2	2
Cocaine, trafficking	45	45	40	36	30	42	66	69	37	43
Cocaine, importation and exportation	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cocaine, production	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total other Controlled Drugs and Substances Act drugs, trafficking, production or distribution	15	16	11	9	4	8	15	11	9	7
Youth Criminal Justice Act	9	11	12	36	57	16	52	84	128	32
Total other Federal Statutes	46	65	52	33	54	29	27	27	21	28
Income Tax Act	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canada Shipping Act	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0
Customs Act	12	8	8	6	13	4	3	2	2	0
Excise Act	3	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	1
Total Immigration and Refugee Protection Act	0	2	5	3	5	1	0	3	2	0
Firearms Act	8	30	20	13	20	14	9	6	7	17
Other federal statutes	14	15	16	8	14	8	15	16	9	10

- In 2016, Yukon's rate per 100,000 population for Federal Statute violations (611) was third-highest in Canada. Northwest Territories' rate was highest at 1,131, Saskatchewan was second-highest at 748 and the national rate was 339.
- There were 229 incidents of Federal Statute violations accounting for 2.5% of all types of crime violations in Yukon in 2016; a decrease of 110 incidents, or 32.4%, compared to 2015; and a decrease of 54, or 19.1%, compared to 2007.



- Of the 229 Federal Statute violations in 2016: 169 (73.8%) were *Drug violations*; 32 (14.0%) were violations of the *Youth Criminal Justice Act*; and 28 (12.2%) were *other Federal Statute* violations.
- Of the 169 *Drug violations*, 100 (59.2%) were *possession* incidents; 19 (11.2%) were *trafficking, production or distribution of cannabis*; 43 (25.4%) were *trafficking of cocaine*; and 7 incidents (4.1%) were *trafficking, production or distribution of other Controlled Drugs and Substances Act drugs*.
- Comparing 2016 to 2015, *Drug violations* decreased by 21 (-11.1%); *Youth Criminal Justice Act* decreased by 96 (-75.0%); and *other Federal Statutes* incidents increased by 7 (33.3%).

Number of Federal Statutes Incidents as a Percentage of All Violations, Canada, Provinces and Territories, 2007 to 2016

- In 2016, the proportion of Yukon's Federal Statute violations to all types of violations was 2.5% (the lowest proportion in the last ten years) and ranked second-lowest amongst Canadian jurisdictions.
- The 2016 share (2.5%) is 1.0 percentage point lower than the 2015 share (3.5%) and 0.9 percentage points lower than the previous 10-year average (3.4%).



- Comparing 2016 to 2015, the majority of Canadian jurisdictions (8) had a decrease in the proportion of federal statute violations ranging from -0.1% in British Columbia to -1.0% in Yukon and Nunavut.

Number of Actual Incidents, by Type of Violation, Yukon Rural RCMP Detachment Areas, 2007 to 2016

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 ^r	2016
All Violations	7,485	8,015	8,555	7,981	7,981	8,191	9,492	9,731	9,722	9,118
Yukon	34	40	60	36	28	43	40	33	57	46
Beaver Creek	158	188	240	198	171	141	195	255	196	216
Carcross	230	189	174	145	205	180	175	219	141	193
Carmacks	367	361	326	307	330	355	323	358	336	376
Dawson	26	27	25	40	25	46	57	44	80	46
Faro	202	177	125	143	151	159	184	187	152	156
Haines Junction	174	183	150	113	118	154	256	234	227	171
Mayo	148	163	132	110	119	91	109	134	135	127
Old Crow	231	237	269	368	359	262	283	291	205	197
Pelly Crossing	194	229	206	221	177	158	144	175	251	163
Ross River	110	110	113	136	128	161	148	147	159	159
Teslin	1,031	915	947	877	722	749	832	620	599	634
Watson Lake	4,580	5,196	5,788	5,287	5,448	5,692	6,746	7,034	7,184	6,634
Whitehorse										
Violent Criminal Code Violations	1,301	1,269	1,404	1,464	1,470	1,458	1,525	1,663	1,539	1,555
Yukon	6	6	9	4	5	16	12	4	9	6
Beaver Creek	44	53	54	50	49	34	53	52	53	77
Carcross	59	45	36	28	43	33	29	65	25	47
Carmacks	55	56	58	63	62	59	45	69	66	52
Dawson	6	9	7	7	7	4	15	6	15	7
Faro	49	38	19	45	40	42	60	47	36	39
Haines Junction	20	17	22	27	40	44	49	60	59	40
Mayo	30	21	39	16	26	23	36	34	36	34
Old Crow	40	46	45	74	66	49	70	71	46	37
Pelly Crossing	34	26	41	59	46	35	30	54	67	52
Ross River	23	19	35	28	28	37	33	20	43	22
Teslin	230	177	192	190	170	184	178	109	120	126
Watson Lake	705	756	847	873	888	898	915	1,072	964	1,016
Whitehorse										
Property Crime	3,158	3,394	3,069	3,111	3,189	3,131	3,485	3,416	3,609	3,459
Yukon	12	18	25	24	16	14	16	18	39	31
Beaver Creek	69	65	81	71	40	42	54	74	66	67
Carcross	71	65	73	48	60	59	62	70	46	55
Carmacks	198	165	117	132	167	160	158	130	141	133
Dawson	15	15	8	22	8	18	18	23	41	20
Faro	74	80	70	60	73	81	91	82	44	61
Haines Junction	67	94	74	40	31	49	104	90	88	56
Mayo	75	66	50	49	50	39	26	35	46	51
Old Crow	102	94	125	159	158	102	107	122	71	89
Pelly Crossing	91	134	89	80	55	56	68	70	120	62
Ross River	38	54	49	66	63	76	83	82	77	76
Teslin	389	417	396	311	259	259	294	240	222	222
Watson Lake	1,957	2,127	1,912	2,049	2,209	2,176	2,404	2,380	2,608	2,536
Whitehorse										
Other Criminal Code Violations	2,312	2,608	3,345	2,681	2,628	2,890	3,660	3,661	3,710	3,438
Yukon	4	7	13	4	4	7	5	3	5	7
Beaver Creek	28	45	80	40	57	46	56	63	53	43
Carcross	77	53	38	49	75	62	67	52	33	57
Carmacks	72	98	100	75	61	89	92	110	83	145
Dawson	3	3	3	7	7	17	14	9	16	14
Faro	42	35	21	16	24	25	22	38	45	41
Haines Junction	64	54	30	28	30	30	61	52	56	51
Mayo	37	61	31	28	23	25	28	39	33	27
Old Crow	65	80	80	113	101	80	89	89	71	50
Pelly Crossing	47	55	64	64	63	51	36	37	46	36
Ross River	39	23	18	30	28	33	21	38	22	46
Teslin	329	256	275	291	205	240	268	197	201	239
Watson Lake	1,505	1,838	2,592	1,936	1,950	2,185	2,901	2,934	3,046	2,682
Whitehorse										
Criminal Code Traffic Violations	431	451	460	475	390	478	533	618	525	437
Yukon	6	3	6	2	0	2	1	1	3	1
Beaver Creek	13	15	14	32	13	15	15	24	12	14
Carcross	17	21	18	17	26	23	15	24	25	25
Carmacks	20	23	35	22	16	36	25	31	24	33
Dawson	1	0	1	3	3	5	8	6	8	3
Faro	21	13	7	18	12	9	8	15	20	10
Haines Junction	14	9	12	11	11	24	29	17	13	16
Mayo	3	11	7	8	6	3	11	18	18	10
Old Crow	18	14	14	17	21	27	15	8	13	16
Pelly Crossing	14	11	8	7	6	7	8	11	15	9
Ross River	6	13	7	9	7	9	8	6	13	12
Teslin	57	44	54	54	43	45	62	35	34	33
Watson Lake	241	274	277	275	226	273	328	422	327	255
Whitehorse										

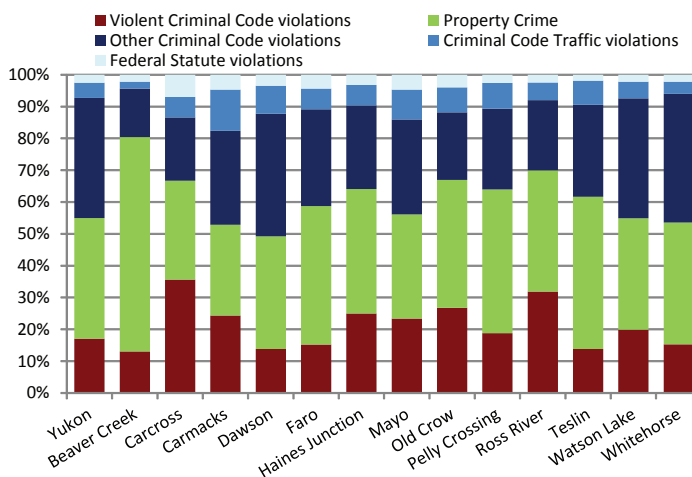
Number of Actual Incidents, by Type of Violation, Yukon Rural RCMP Detachment Areas, 2007 to 2016, cont'd...

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Yukon	283	293	277	250	304	234	289	373	339	229
Beaver Creek	6	6	7	2	3	4	6	7	1	1
Carcross	4	10	11	5	12	4	17	42	12	15
Carmacks	6	5	9	3	1	3	2	8	12	9
Dawson	22	19	16	15	24	11	3	18	22	13
Faro	1	0	6	1	0	2	2	0	0	2
Haines Junction	16	11	8	4	2	2	3	5	7	5
Mayo	9	9	12	7	6	7	13	15	11	8
Old Crow	3	4	5	9	14	1	8	8	2	5
Pelly Crossing	6	3	5	5	13	4	2	1	4	5
Ross River	8	3	4	11	7	9	2	3	3	4
Teslin	4	1	4	3	2	6	3	1	4	3
Watson Lake	26	21	30	31	45	21	30	39	22	14
Whitehorse	172	201	160	154	175	160	198	226	239	145

Number of Actual Incidents, All Violation Types, Yukon Rural RCMP Detachment Areas, 2015 to 2016

	2015 ^f	2016	Increase/ decrease	% change '15 to '16
Yukon	9,722	9,118	-604	-6.2%
Beaver Creek	57	46	-11	-19.3%
Carcross	196	216	20	10.2%
Carmacks	141	193	52	36.9%
Dawson	336	376	40	11.9%
Faro	80	46	-34	-42.5%
Haines Junction	152	156	4	2.6%
Mayo	227	171	-56	-24.7%
Old Crow	135	127	-8	-5.9%
Pelly Crossing	205	197	-8	-3.9%
Ross River	251	163	-88	-35.1%
Teslin	159	159	0	0.0%
Watson Lake	599	634	35	5.8%
Whitehorse	7,184	6,634	-550	-7.7%

Violation Type as a Percentage of Total Number of Violations, by Yukon Community, 2016



- In 2016, a total of 9,118 criminal incidents were reported to police in Yukon: 1,555 violent Criminal Code violations; 3,459 property crime; 3,438 'other' Criminal Code violations; 437 Criminal Code traffic violations; and 229 Federal Statute violations.
- As a percentage of the 9,118 criminal incidents that were reported to police in Yukon in 2016: 17.1% was violent Criminal Code violation; 37.9% was property crime; 37.7% was 'other' Criminal Code violation; 4.8% was Criminal Code traffic violation; and 2.5% was Federal Statutes violation.
- Comparing 2016 to 2015, the total number of criminal incidents in Yukon decreased by 604 incidents, or 6.2%. The largest percentage decrease was in Faro at 42.5%; from 80 incidents in 2015 to 46 incidents in 2016.
- In 2016, property crime violations represented the highest proportion of all violations in all Yukon communities (with the exceptions of Carcross (where the proportion was the highest for violent Criminal Code violations); and Carmacks, Dawson, Watson Lake and Whitehorse (where the proportion was the highest for 'other' Criminal Code violations).

The number of actual incidents refers to the total number of incidents reported to the police minus incidents proven to be unfounded following preliminary investigation in any given year. Police-reported statistics may be affected by differences in the way police services deal with minor offences. In some instances, police or municipalities might choose to deal with some minor offences using municipal by-laws or provincial provisions rather than Criminal Code provisions. Differences in Police service's priorities, policies, procedures and enforcement practices may also have an effect.

Source: Statistics Canada CANSIM tables 252-0051 and 252-0082. Populations are based upon July 1 estimates from Statistics Canada, Demography Division. For more information on the Incident-based Crime Reporting Survey - <http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurv&lang=en&db=imdb&adm=8&dis=2&SDDS=3302>