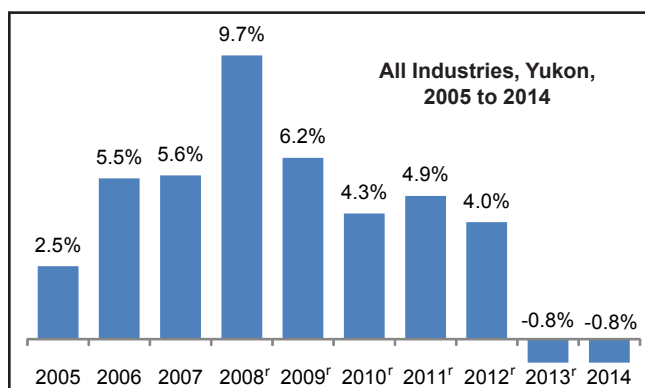
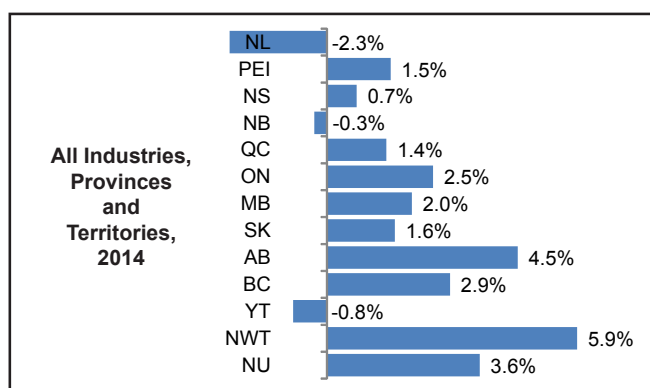


Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Industry at Basic Prices 2014

Highlights:

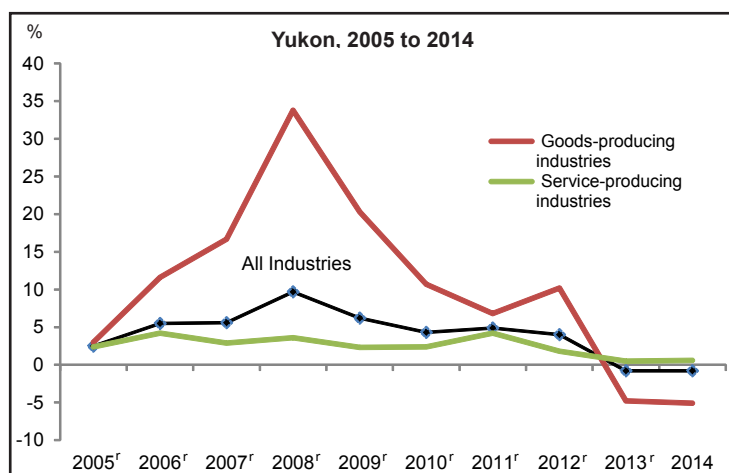
- Yukon's real GDP by industry for 2014 was \$2,264.3 million (in chained (2007) dollars); a contraction of 0.8% following a 0.8% (revised) decline in 2013.
- In 2014, the largest dollar-amount decrease was in the *Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction* sector, with a contraction of \$52.6 million, down 10.7% from 2013. The largest dollar-amount increase was in the *Construction* sector with an expansion of \$5.8 million, up 3.5% from 2013.

Growth Rates of GDP by Industry (based on real GDP in chained (2007) dollars)



Over the past ten years, the growth rate of Yukon's GDP by industry varied from a low of -0.8% in 2013 (revised) and 2014 to a high of 9.7% (revised) in 2008. After increases in 2006 through 2008, the growth rate has gradually declined at varying rates.

Note: The current calculation of GDP is based on the input-output structure of the economy in 2012 (benchmark year). Substantial revisions in subsequent years can occur due to updated benchmark year. Please see endnote 2 on page 8.



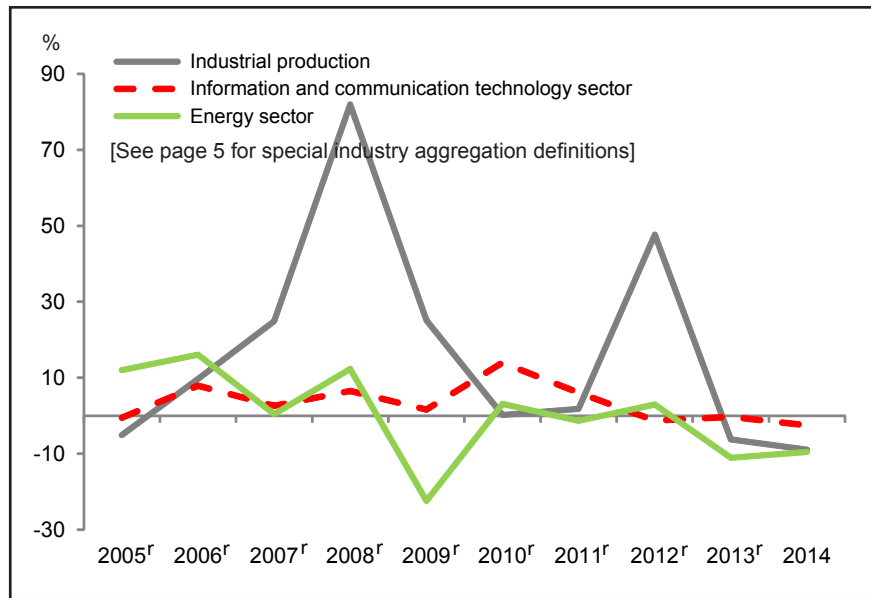
In 2014, Yukon's GDP in the *Goods-producing* industries declined 5.1%, while the *Services-producing* industries recorded an increase in GDP of 0.6%.

Between 2005 and 2014, the GDP growth rate for the *Goods-producing* industries fluctuated considerably (from -5.1% in 2014 to 33.8% (revised) in 2008) due mainly to activities in *Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction*, and *Construction*. However, the GDP growth rate for the *Services-producing* industries fluctuated within a relatively narrow margin (from 0.5% in 2013 to 4.2% in 2006 and 2011) over the same period.

The GDP of an industry represents the value added by labour and capital in transforming inputs purchased from other industries into output. This analytical report presents Statistics Canada's latest estimates of Yukon's real GDP by industry at basic prices in chained (2007) dollars. These figures are subject to revision.

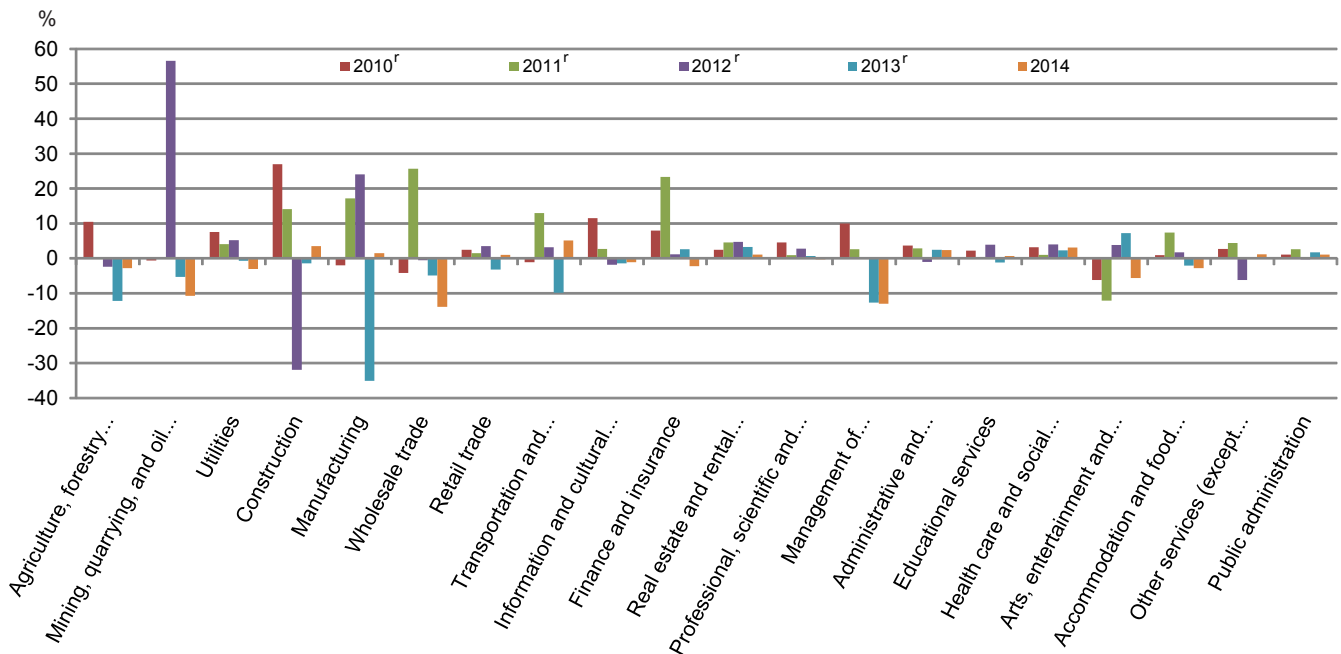
GDP is one of the primary economic indicators used by decision-makers within the governments and financial and other institutions to evaluate the health of the economy. A large increase in real GDP is interpreted as a sign that the economy is doing well, while a small or negative increase indicates poor economic performances.

Growth Rates of GDP by Special Industry Aggregation, Yukon, 2005 to 2014 (based on real GDP in chained (2007) dollars)



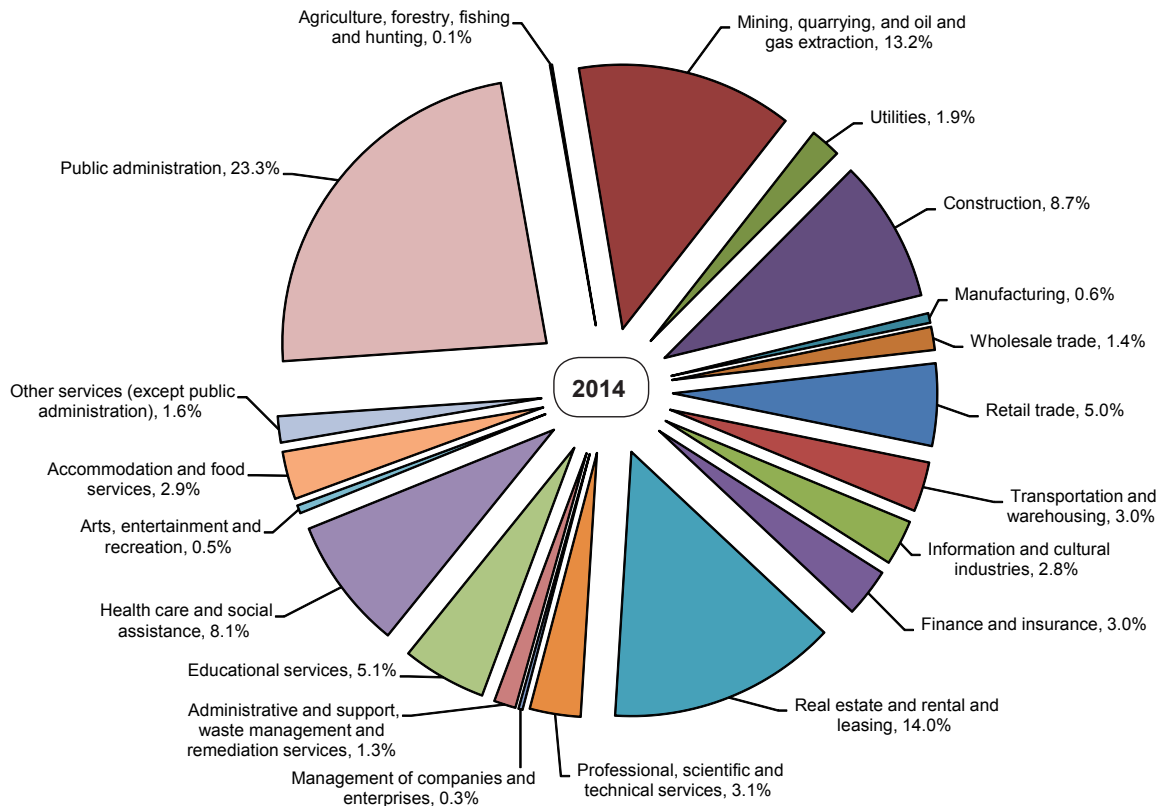
- The GDP growth rate in *Industrial production* fluctuated hugely between 2005 to 2014, from -8.9% in 2014 to 81.9% (revised) in 2008.
- The *Energy* sector's GDP growth rate ranged from -22.4% (revised) in 2009 to 16.1% in 2006.
- The *Information and communications technology* sector's GDP growth rate had a relatively lower fluctuation and varied from -2.5% in 2014 to 14.0% in 2010.

Growth Rates of GDP by Industry, Yukon, 2010 to 2014 (based on real GDP in chained (2007) dollars)



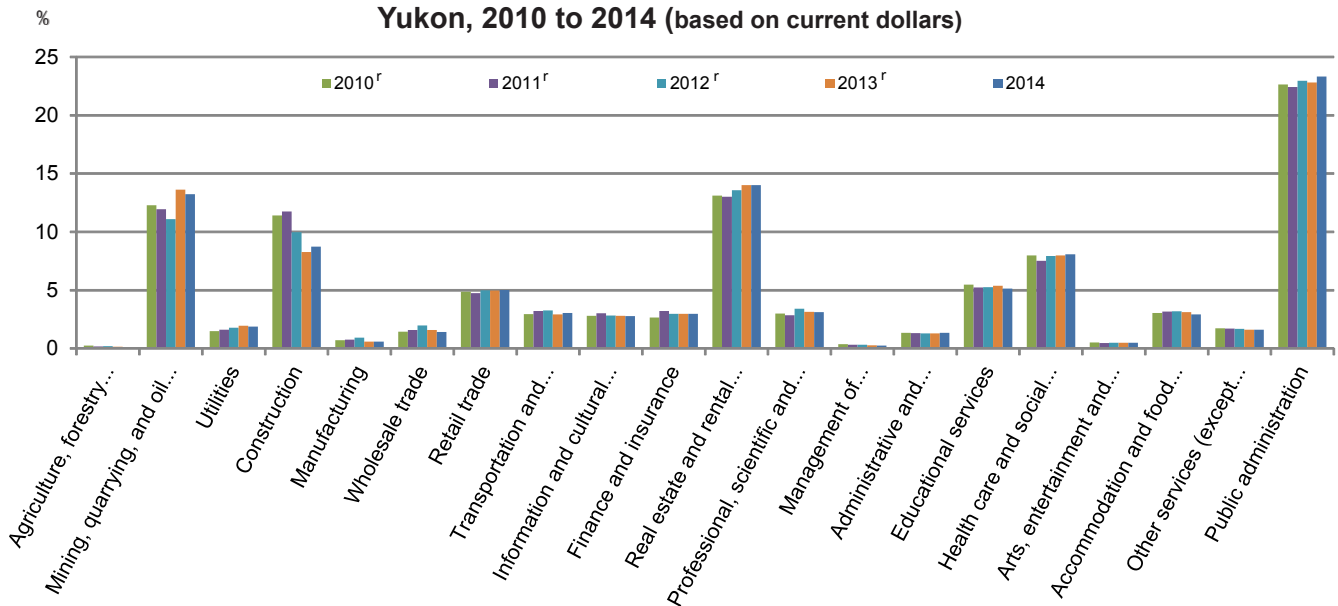
Between 2010 and 2014, the majority of Yukon industries experienced both positive and negative growth rates. The largest fluctuation occurred in the *Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction* sector where the growth rate fluctuated from a low of -10.7% in 2014 to a high of 56.6% in 2012.

Percentage Share of GDP by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), Yukon, 2014 (based on current dollars)



Major contributors to Yukon GDP by industry in 2014 were: *Public administration* (23.3%); *Real estate and rental and leasing* (14.0%); *Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction* (13.2%); *Construction* (8.7%); *Health care and social assistance* (8.1%); *Educational services* (5.1%); and *Retail trade* (5.0%). All other individual industries contributed less than 5.0% shares.

Percentage Share of GDP by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), Yukon, 2010 to 2014 (based on current dollars)



Over the five-year period from 2010 to 2014, the share of *Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction* industry in total GDP fluctuated from a low of 11.1% (revised) in 2012 to a high of 13.6% (revised) in 2013, while the share of *Construction* industry varied from 8.3% (revised) in 2013 to 11.7% (revised) in 2011. Conversely, all remaining industries accounted for a 1.0% or less fluctuation, in their share, during those five years.

Real GDP by Industry, Yukon, 2005 to 2014
millions of chained (2007) dollars¹

INDUSTRY²	2005^f	2006^f	2007^f	2008^f	2009^f	2010^f	2011^f	2012^f	2013^f	2014
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.6	3.5
Crop and animal production	x	x	x	x	x	x	2.6	2.5	2.1	2.0
Forestry and logging	2.5	3.0	0.5	0.6	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fishing, hunting and trapping	x	x	x	x	0.5	0.1	x	x	x	x
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5
MINING, QUARRYING, AND OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION	80.9	87.9	119.1	256.5	331.2	329.2	330.2	517.1	489.7	437.1
Oil and gas extraction	24.9	19.7	12.9	9.4	7.6	6.6	5.9	6.3	6.9	3.4
Mining and quarrying (except oil and gas)	x	x	67.8	216.2	x	x	x	x	x	x
Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	x	x	38.4	35.7	x	x	x	x	x	x
UTILITIES	27.8	32.1	31.7	31.3	34.3	36.9	38.4	40.4	40.1	38.9
CONSTRUCTION	138.2	156.8	173.8	151.4	171.8	218.2	249.0	169.6	167.3	173.1
Residential building construction	49.9	48.1	47.2	50.2	50.0	56.6	59.4	58.5	47.9	48.4
Non-residential building construction	15.6	15.1	21.8	14.9	22.4	17.8	28.8	23.6	x	x
Engineering construction	..	..	72.8	61.8	77.1	116.4	127.8	68.5	x	x
Repair construction	19.0	21.8	30.1	22.2	18.5	23.8	26.6	14.7	25.5	25.8
Other activities of the construction industry	1.1	1.5	1.9	2.4	3.1	3.9	5.0	5.8	5.1	5.2
MANUFACTURING	12.8	13.4	14.4	14.8	14.8	14.5	17.0	21.1	13.7	13.9
WHOLESALE TRADE	27.0	31.3	31.9	35.9	30.9	29.6	37.2	37.0	35.2	30.3
Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors	..	..	10.1	9.4	8.6	7.9	11.6	10.8	9.9	x
Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors	..	..	2.6	2.7	x	x	x	x	x	x
Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors	..	..	6.2	6.7	x	x	x	x	x	x
Machinery, equipment and supplies wholesaler-distributors	..	..	7.8	12.0	x	x	x	x	x	x
Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Wholesale electronic markets, and agents and brokers	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
RETAIL TRADE	83.4	87.9	96.0	100.8	102.3	104.9	106.5	110.2	106.7	107.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	..	..	18.8	20.7	x	x	x	x	23.1	23.2
Furniture and home furnishings stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Electronics and appliance stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	..	..	8.4	9.3	x	x	x	x	x	x
Food and beverage stores	..	..	22.8	24.4	24.6	24.7	24.7	25.2	25.2	25.2
Health and personal care stores	..	..	4.9	x	5.1	x	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.6
Gasoline stations	..	..	7.3	7.6	x	x	x	x	9.1	x
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
General merchandise stores	..	..	x	x	11.5	11.4	11.7	11.2	x	x
Miscellaneous store retailers	..	..	9.5	7.4	8.4	6.8	6.8	6.4	6.0	5.8
Non-store retailers	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING	56.3	55.1	56.1	68.9	60.9	60.2	68.0	70.2	63.3	66.5
Air transportation	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Truck transportation	11.6	8.9	9.1	x	9.4	x	x	x	x	x
Transit, ground passenger and scenic and sightseeing transportation	..	..	10.9	11.2	9.5	8.5	8.4	8.1	8.5	9.8
Support activities for transportation	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Pipeline transportation	2.3	1.9	1.3	9.9	6.9	5.9	5.4	5.0	0.0	0.0
Postal service and couriers and messengers	7.9	5.6	6.5	6.5	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.0
Warehousing and storage	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
INFORMATION AND CULTURAL INDUSTRIES	49.7	52.3	53.2	54.3	56.7	63.2	64.9	63.7	62.8	62.1
Publishing industries (except internet)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Motion picture and sound recording industries	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Broadcasting (except internet)	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Telecommunications	x	38.1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Data processing, hosting, and related services	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Other information services	x	x	x	x	2.7	x	x	x	x	2.6

Real GDP by Industry, Yukon, 2005 to 2014 (continued)
millions of chained (2007) dollars¹

INDUSTRY ²	2005 ^f	2006 ^f	2007 ^f	2008 ^f	2009 ^f	2010 ^f	2011 ^f	2012 ^f	2013 ^f	2014
FINANCE AND INSURANCE	55.2	56.9	58.4	58.2	55.2	59.6	73.5	74.4	76.3	74.6
Depository credit intermediation and monetary authorities	24.3	25.8	28.2	29.3	28.4	32.2	34.9	37.2	39.2	41.3
Non-depository credit intermediation	..	..	x	x	x	x	3.6	x	x	x
Activities related to credit intermediation	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Insurance carriers and related activities	..	..	x	x	x	x	13.8	13.9	x	x
Financial investment services, funds and other financial vehicles	10.1	11.7	11.7	11.8	9.7	11.5	x	x	x	x
REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING	219.5	230.3	233.4	243.7	255.3	261.6	273.7	286.5	296.0	299.3
PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	53.5	56.6	59.5	59.2	54.2	56.7	57.2	58.8	59.2	59.0
Legal, accounting and related services	x	x	21.7	21.6	20.2	19.8	20.9	21.4	21.1	19.4
Architectural, engineering and related services	13.3	14.6	15.9	15.6	14.7	14.9	16.9	x	x	x
Other professional, scientific and technical services including scientific research and development	17.6	x	18.1	18.6	15.7	17.8	15.4	15.6	15.4	16.4
Computer systems design and related services	2.0	2.8	x	x	x	x	x	x	3.5	3.4
Advertising, public relations, and related services	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
MANAGEMENT OF COMPANIES AND ENTERPRISES	6.3	6.8	6.8	7.3	7.0	7.7	7.9	7.9	6.9	6.0
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES	21.2	23.9	25.9	26.3	26.9	27.9	28.7	28.4	29.1	29.8
Administrative and support services	17.8	20.3	22.4	22.5	x	x	x	x	x	x
Waste management and remediation services	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.8	x	x	x	x	x	x
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	107.4	108.4	109.2	112.2	113.4	115.9	116.3	120.8	119.4	120.2
HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE	130.5	136.0	138.5	142.4	149.3	154.1	155.7	161.9	165.6	170.8
ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION	11.2	10.3	10.7	11.0	9.7	9.1	8.0	8.3	8.9	8.4
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES	60.6	59.5	60.8	60.9	63.9	64.5	69.3	70.5	69.0	67.1
Accommodation services	..	..	42.6	42.4	42.3	41.2	43.3	44.1	42.8	41.0
Food services and drinking places	18.5	17.7	18.3	18.4	21.7	23.4	26.0	26.4	26.2	26.1
OTHER SERVICES (EXCEPT PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION)	30.4	31.9	33.1	34.0	33.0	33.9	35.4	33.2	33.3	33.7
Repair and maintenance	10.2	x	11.8	11.9	12.3	12.9	x	12.0	12.5	12.7
Personal services and private households	5.3	x	5.6	5.9	5.2	5.3	x	5.4	5.5	5.7
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations	14.6	15.7	15.7	16.2	15.5	15.8	15.9	15.7	15.4	15.3
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	391.1	409.0	421.1	430.4	458.9	464.0	476.2	475.0	483.1	488.4
Federal government public administration	61.1	62.1	63.8	63.7	66.0	65.8	68.2	66.1	62.8	64.0
Provincial and territorial public administration	235.8	250.1	257.2	263.6	278.8	285.7	290.4	293.9	298.9	302.1
Local, municipal, regional and aboriginal public administration	..	..	100.1	103.1	114.2	112.6	117.5	115.2	121.1	122.0
ALL INDUSTRIES	1,559.0	1,645.0	1,737.0	1,905.0	2,023.6	2,111.6	2,214.8	2,302.9	2,283.5	2,264.3

^f = revised .. = not available x = suppressed for confidentiality ^{1,2} See endnotes on page 8.

Real GDP by Sector and Special Industry Aggregation, Yukon, 2005 to 2014
millions of chained (2007) dollars¹

SECTOR / INDUSTRY AGGREGATE	2005 ^f	2006 ^f	2007 ^f	2008 ^f	2009 ^f	2010 ^f	2011 ^f	2012 ^f	2013 ^f	2014
Goods-producing industries	263.0	293.4	342.5	458.2	551.3	610.4	652.1	718.8	684.6	649.5
Services-producing industries	1,300.6	1,355.3	1,394.5	1,445.1	1,477.7	1,512.7	1,576.5	1,604.8	1,613.5	1,623.2
Special Industry Aggregations										
Industrial production ²	123.2	135.2	168.8	307.0	384.2	385.1	392.2	579.2	543.4	495.1
Information and communication technology sector ³	42.9	46.3	47.5	50.6	51.4	58.6	62.2	61.4	61.2	59.7
Energy sector ⁴	44.7	51.9	52.1	58.5	45.4	46.8	46.2	47.6	42.3	38.3

¹ See endnote on page 8.

² *Industrial production* - combines the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 21, 22, 31-33, 562.

³ *Information and communication technology sector* - combines NAICS codes 334 (excluding 3345), 4173, 5112, 517, 518, 5415, 8112.

⁴ *Energy sector* - combines the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 211, 2121, 21229, 213111, 213118, 2211, 2212, 32411, 486.

Year-to-Year Real Growth Rates (%) by Industry, Yukon, 2005 to 2014

based on millions of chained (2007) dollars¹

INDUSTRY ²	2005 ^f	2006 ^f	2007 ^f	2008 ^f	2009 ^f	2010 ^f	2011 ^f	2012 ^f	2013 ^f	2014
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	-37.9	-2.8	-2.9	2.9	8.6	10.5	0.0	-2.4	-12.2	-2.8
Crop and animal production	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-3.8	-16.0	-4.8
Forestry and logging	-61.5	20.0	-83.3	20.0	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fishing, hunting and trapping	x	x	x	x	x	-80.0	x	x	x	x
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	100.0	50.0	0.0	-33.3	0.0	150.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	-16.7
MINING, QUARRYING, AND OIL AND GAS EXTRACTION	-6.5	8.7	35.5	115.4	29.1	-0.6	0.3	56.6	-5.3	-10.7
Oil and gas extraction	3.3	-20.9	-34.5	-27.1	-19.1	-13.2	-10.6	6.8	9.5	-50.7
Mining and quarrying (except oil and gas)	x	x	x	218.9	x	x	x	x	x	x
Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	x	x	x	-7.0	x	x	x	x	x	x
UTILITIES	-8.6	15.5	-1.2	-1.3	9.6	7.6	4.1	5.2	-0.7	-3.0
CONSTRUCTION	16.3	13.5	10.8	-12.9	13.5	27.0	14.1	-31.9	-1.4	3.5
Residential building construction	3.3	-3.6	-1.9	6.4	-0.4	13.2	4.9	-1.5	-18.1	1.0
Non-residential building construction	10.6	-3.2	44.4	-31.7	50.3	-20.5	61.8	-18.1	x	x
Engineering construction	..	..	..	-15.1	24.8	51.0	9.8	-46.4	x	x
Repair construction	1.1	14.7	38.1	-26.2	-16.7	28.6	11.8	-44.7	73.5	1.2
Other activities of the construction industry	57.1	36.4	26.7	26.3	29.2	25.8	28.2	16.0	-12.1	2.0
MANUFACTURING	13.3	4.7	7.5	2.8	0.0	-2.0	17.2	24.1	-35.1	1.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	4.2	15.9	1.9	12.5	-13.9	-4.2	25.7	-0.5	-4.9	-13.9
Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors	..	..	..	-6.9	-8.5	-8.1	46.8	-6.9	-8.3	x
Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors	..	..	..	3.8	x	x	x	x	x	x
Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors	..	..	..	8.1	x	x	x	x	x	x
Machinery, equipment and supplies wholesaler-distributors	..	..	..	53.8	x	x	x	x	x	x
Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Wholesale electronic markets, and agents and brokers	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
RETAIL TRADE	-0.1	5.4	9.2	5.0	1.5	2.5	1.5	3.5	-3.2	1.0
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	..	..	..	10.1	x	x	x	x	x	0.4
Furniture and home furnishings stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Electronics and appliance stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	..	..	..	10.7	x	x	x	x	x	x
Food and beverage stores	..	..	..	7.0	0.8	0.4	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
Health and personal care stores	..	..	..	x	x	x	x	-3.1	1.6	4.8
Gasoline stations	..	..	..	4.1	x	x	x	x	x	x
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
General merchandise stores	..	..	x	x	x	-0.9	2.6	-4.3	x	x
Miscellaneous store retailers	..	..	..	-22.1	13.5	-19.0	0.0	-5.9	-6.3	-3.3
Non-store retailers	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING	12.2	-2.1	1.8	22.8	-11.6	-1.1	13.0	3.2	-9.8	5.1
Air transportation	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Truck transportation	20.8	-23.3	2.2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Transit, ground passenger and scenic and sightseeing transportation	..	..	..	2.8	-15.2	-10.5	-1.2	-3.6	4.9	15.3
Support activities for transportation	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Pipeline transportation	9.5	-17.4	-31.6	661.5	-30.3	-14.5	-8.5	-7.4	-100.0	0.0
Postal service and couriers and messengers	3.9	-29.1	16.1	0.0	6.2	-1.4	-1.5	-3.0	-3.1	-4.8
Warehousing and storage	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
INFORMATION AND CULTURAL INDUSTRIES	-0.2	5.2	1.7	2.1	4.4	11.5	2.7	-1.8	-1.4	-1.1
Publishing industries (except internet)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Motion picture and sound recording industries	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Broadcasting (except internet)	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Telecommunications	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Data processing, hosting, and related services	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Other information services	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Year-to-Year Real Growth Rates (%) by Industry, 2005 to 2014 (continued)

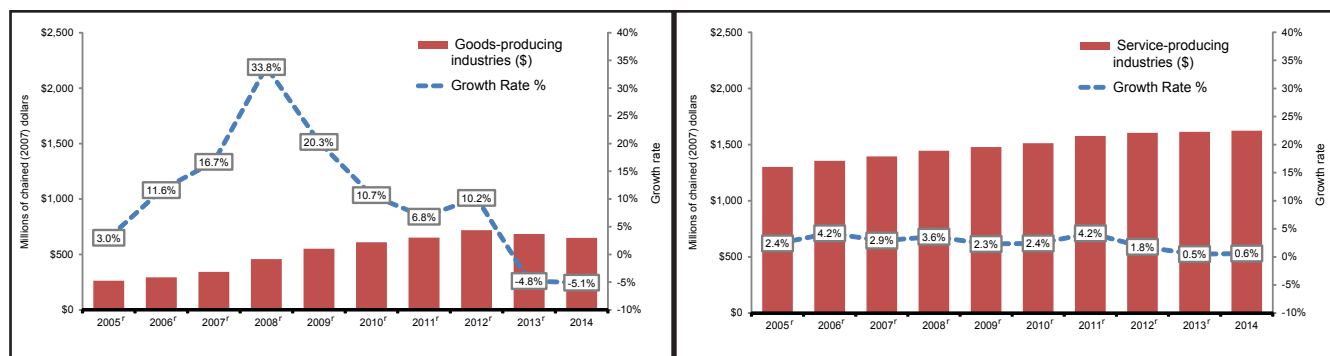
based on millions of chained (2007) dollars¹

INDUSTRY ²	2005 ^r	2006 ^r	2007 ^r	2008 ^r	2009 ^r	2010 ^r	2011 ^r	2012 ^r	2013 ^r	2014
FINANCE AND INSURANCE	6.2	3.1	2.6	-0.3	-5.2	8.0	23.3	1.2	2.6	-2.2
Depository credit intermediation and monetary authorities	3.4	6.2	9.3	3.9	-3.1	13.4	8.4	6.6	5.4	5.4
Non-depository credit intermediation	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Activities related to credit intermediation	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Insurance carriers and related activities	..	..	x	x	x	x	x	0.7	x	x
Financial investment services, funds and other financial vehicles	9.8	15.8	0.0	0.9	-17.8	18.6	x	x	x	x
REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING	5.7	4.9	1.3	4.4	4.8	2.5	4.6	4.7	3.3	1.1
PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	3.3	5.8	5.1	-0.5	-8.4	4.6	0.9	2.8	0.7	-0.3
Legal, accounting and related services	x	x	x	-0.5	-6.5	-2.0	5.6	2.4	-1.4	-8.1
Architectural, engineering and related services	19.8	9.8	8.9	-1.9	-5.8	1.4	13.4	x	x	x
Other professional, scientific and technical services including scientific research and development	x	x	x	2.8	-15.6	13.4	-13.5	1.3	-1.3	6.5
Computer systems design and related services	x	40.0	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-2.9
Advertising, public relations, and related services	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
MANAGEMENT OF COMPANIES AND ENTERPRISES	-7.4	7.9	0.0	7.4	-4.1	10.0	2.6	0.0	-12.7	-13.0
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES	7.6	12.7	8.4	1.5	2.3	3.7	2.9	-1.0	2.5	2.4
Administrative and support services	5.3	14.0	10.3	0.4	x	x	x	x	x	x
Waste management and remediation services	17.9	6.1	0.0	8.6	x	x	x	x	x	x
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	0.0	0.9	0.7	2.7	1.1	2.2	0.3	3.9	-1.2	0.7
HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE	-0.9	4.2	1.8	2.8	4.8	3.2	1.0	4.0	2.3	3.1
ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION	-0.9	-8.0	3.9	2.8	-11.8	-6.2	-12.1	3.8	7.2	-5.6
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES	-0.2	-1.8	2.2	0.2	4.9	0.9	7.4	1.7	-2.1	-2.8
Accommodation services	..	..	..	-0.5	-0.2	-2.6	5.1	1.8	-2.9	-4.2
Food services and drinking places	-7.5	-4.3	3.4	0.5	17.9	7.8	11.1	1.5	-0.8	-0.4
OTHER SERVICES (EXCEPT PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION)	0.7	4.9	3.8	2.7	-2.9	2.7	4.4	-6.2	0.3	1.2
Repair and maintenance	-3.8	x	x	0.8	3.4	4.9	x	x	4.2	1.6
Personal services and private households	-1.9	x	x	5.4	-11.9	1.9	x	x	1.9	3.6
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations	2.1	7.5	0.0	3.2	-4.3	1.9	0.6	-1.3	-1.9	-0.6
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	2.1	4.6	3.0	2.2	6.6	1.1	2.6	-0.3	1.7	1.1
Federal government public administration	-2.9	1.6	2.7	-0.2	3.6	-0.3	3.6	-3.1	-5.0	1.9
Provincial and territorial public administration	4.5	6.1	2.8	2.5	5.8	2.5	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.1
Local, municipal, regional and aboriginal public administration	..	..	..	3.0	10.8	-1.4	4.4	-2.0	5.1	0.7
ALL INDUSTRIES	2.5	5.5	5.6	9.7	6.2	4.3	4.9	4.0	-0.8	-0.8

^r = revised x = suppressed for confidentiality .. not available

^{1,2} See endnotes on page 8.

Real GDP and Growth Rate by Sector, Yukon, 2005 to 2014



Did You Know?

According to a 2015 special tabulation from Statistics Canada, National Economic Accounts Division, an estimated \$56 million (current dollars) was not included in Yukon's 2012 GDP by Industry account due to the underground economy. This total was comprised of: \$20 million in *Residential construction*; \$10 million in *Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing and holding companies*; \$7 million in *Accommodation and food services*; \$4 million in *Retail trade*; \$3 million in *Professional, scientific and technical services*; \$2 million in *Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services*; \$2 million in *Health care and social assistance*; \$2 million in *Other services (except public administration)*; \$1 million in *Manufacturing*; \$1 million in *Transportation and warehousing*; \$1 million in *Owner occupied dwellings*; and \$1 million in *Arts, entertainment and recreation*.

2015 Comprehensive Revisions:

In order for the Canadian System of Macroeconomic Accounts (CSMA) to remain relevant, the underlying concepts, methods, classification systems and data sources need to be periodically updated.

Further to the historical revisions which began in 2012 (re-named 'comprehensive revisions'), the following changes affect the GDP by Industry statistical program:

- *Integration of Government Finance Statistics (GFS) Manual - GFS data is now compiled on an accrual basis for all public sector transactions and stocks using detailed government accounting records (general ledger information); and certain public sector transactions are treated conceptually different.*
- *Revisions to treatment of defined benefit pension plans – pension payments by governments are now recorded on an employee entitlement basis rather than on a cash basis.*
- *Revisions to the capital stock and consumption of fixed capital estimates.*
- *Revisions to subsidies provided to non-profit institutions.*
- *Other statistical revisions: allocation of explicit banking*

fees between the household sector and the corporate sector; new source data on administrative fees charged by mutual funds; incorporation of National Household Survey estimates for the share of wages of individuals in the computer and information systems professionals' occupation to total wages; incorporation of the latest results from the Annual Survey of Retail Industries and Annual Survey of Service Industries (accounting services); estimates of research and development for universities (removal of capital equipment); reclassification of units in business and general government sector.

- *Addition of the aquaculture industry.*
- *Presentational revisions to input-output tables - information on output, intermediate consumption and final demand will be presented as: Supply and use tables and Symmetric industry by industry input-output.*

For more information on the latest developments in the Canadian Economic Accounts in the system of macroeconomic accounts module see: <http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/olc-cel/olc.action?objId=13-605-X&objType=2&lang=en&limit=0>

**Publication data source: Statistics Canada CANSIM 379-0028 and 379-0030.
(Historical data covering the period 1997 to 2014 are available upon request.)**

Endnotes:

¹ Statistics Canada uses the chain Fisher volume index method of calculating the real GDP. This method was adopted as it produces the most accurate measure of growth in GDP and its components, and the change brings the Canadian measure in line with the US quarterly Income and Product Accounts which also use the chain Fisher formula to measure real GDP.

An important consequence of using chain indexes is that the associated volume measures are not additive. That is, the sum of the chained values for each component of an aggregate does not equal the chained value of the aggregate. For example, the sum of the components of the Transportation & Warehousing Industry is not equal to the number given for that industry, just as the sum of the individual industry sectors is not equal to the number given for All Industries.

For more information on chain indexes, visit: <http://www.statcan.gc.ca/nea-cen/gloss/iea-crd-eng.htm>

² The most recent benchmark year for which the input-output structure of Yukon's economy is measured is 2012 and therefore it is the most current year for which the contributions of different industries to GDP may be accurately measured. GDP calculations for subsequent years are projections based on the structure of Yukon's economy in 2012 and changes in prices and output volumes in intervening years. Substantial revisions to these estimates can occur if there are major changes to the structure of the economy; for example, the opening or closing of a large mine after the most recent input/output accounts reference year.